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INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL OF GLOBE 3 WAY CONTROL VALVES.



Prepared by R.R.C

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Approved by J.N.C

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1. GLOBE VALVE

Globe valve are multi-turn valves with non-rotating stem and non-rising hand wheel. Globe valve can be used for normal flow regulation. However if it is used in slightly opened position when the differential perssure is very high, the seating may erode. It is advisable not to use a Globe valve for flow control below 10% of full opening.

Typical exploded view of globe valve is shown in **Page No - 12**. For actual construction details of valves.

Size	Pressure Rating
1/2" To 12"	Class 150#
1/2" To 10"	Class 300#
1/2" To 8"	Class 600#

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2. GENERAL

This manual describes the instructions for handling, storage, installation, maintenance, and operation of the Globe 3 way control valve and spring opposed pneumatic diaphragm actuator.

Instructions not detailed in this document shall be performed in accordance with standard and safe acceptable practices as may be required by local codes, specifications and or regulations.

The instruction contained within this manual must be read before undertaking any work on the equipment supplied and if there are any questions please contact Pneucon Valves Pvt. Ltd. or its agent.

When ordering any spares please specify the unique valve serial number detailed on the equipment nameplate.

If the valve is provided with ancillary equipment e.g. Valve Positioner - Pneumatic , Electro Pneumatic, Smart Positioner, Airset, Solenoid Valve, Air Lock, Volume Booster, I/P Converter, Position Transmitter, Limit - Proximity Switches etc. Removable Blind Head, Steam Jacketing, etc. a copy of the respective ancillary equipment manual will be provided within the data / documentation package supplied with the valve.

3. WARNINGS / SAFETY PRECAUTION

- 1. In order to avoid possible injury to personnel or damage to any equipment any 'WARNING and CAUTION' notes must be strictly adhered to. Modification of this product, substitution of non-approved components and use of maintenance procedures other than those detailed within this document could drastically affect the performance, nullify any warranty and be hazardous to personnel and equipment.
- 2. Personal injury, equipment damage, leakage due to escaping gas or failure of pressure containing component may result if the valve or ancillaries are over pressured or installed where service condition exceed the limits detailed in the manufacturer's specification or on the valve nameplate. To avoid such injury or damage a relief valve for over pressure protection should be provide as required by industry and sound engineering practices or applicable safety codes.
- 3. Due to the possibility of both elevated and low temperatures occurring on exposed surfaces of the valve assembly during operation, adequate safety precautions must be taken. This may involve insulating the valve assembly or the provision of safety clothing and equipment to avoid personal injury.
- 4. It is a requirement of PER 1999 that both the maximum working pressure and temperature of the valve are detailed on the nameplate. The stated values must be adhered to separately and in isolation. Attention must be paid to the combined pressure and temperature characteristics of the appropriate valve pressure containment material group as stated in ASME / ANSI B 16.34.
- 5. When purchased each valve / trim configuration and construction materials are specifically selected to satisfy the particular application conditions of flow, temperature, pressure drop and controlled fluid conditions for corrosion and erosion. Included within the Pneucon Valve selection process is the consideration of the amount of power conversion allowed to reduce vibration levels within the valve and also the materials of construction are specifically selected for each application. The valve must not be used on any other application, without a review by Pneucon Valves.
- 6. The valve is not suitable for fire safe service and is not certified for this application or duty. Unless otherwise detailed in the quotation and order documentation the valve will not have been designed to deal with excessive seismic activity or bending moments resulting from misaligned pipe work.
- 7. It is not intended that externally applied lever arms will be used on the valve and actuator assembly.

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4. PLANNING & RESPONSIBILITIES

When installing or maintaining valves

- a. Conduct a risk assessment and eliminate or reduce hazards to an acceptable level.
- b. Work in accordance with health and safety rules of work site.
- c. Never use a valve on a application which exceeds its prescribed operating parameters.
- d. The valve shall not be subjected to frequently occurring disturbances.
- e. End user to ensure there are no external disturbances (e.g. Shocks, Vibrations, Electromagnetic fields etc.)
- f. Misuse of valves / valve components shall be avoided.
- g. Maximum surface temperature of the equipment will be same as the line media temperature. The end user must take account of the line media temperature.
- h. If the process or environment where in the valves are used in are likely to cause temperatures (high or low) that may cause injury to personnel if touched, then adequate insulation / protection must be ensured.
- i. All exposed parts shall be cleaned to prevent dust deposit or insulation is needed similar to pipe line.
- j. Valves shall be protected by other devices to prevent over-pressurisation. (i.e. caused by temperature, fire etc.)

5. HANDLING

- 1. The weight of the control valve assembly can cause serious injury if it is not handled correctly, use the necessary protective clothing and safety equipment. Adequate lifting equipment must be used and properly attached. Where lifting eyes are provide with the equipment these should be used to enable safe handling of the valve, actuator or assembly. All lifting equipments should be used within its defined limitations., applicable codes and safe industrial practices including (but not limited to) the following:
- Slings to be free of kinks.
- Lifting hooks to be positioned directly over the load to avoid any severe swinging when lifted.
- The operator shall ensure that the load is safe and well secured.
- 2. When lifting the equipment ensure that any slings or hoists are positioned to avoid any damage to the accessories or tubing mounted on the valve.
- 3. All eyebolts should have a shoulder, which butts against the tapped hole. Use American Drill Bushing CO ADB2300 series safety hoist ring or equivalent should be used. The following table details the safety hoist thread size and the appropriate safe loading that can be applied.

Safety Hoist Ring	Thread Size UNC	Rated Load 1bf
ADB-23004	½" 13 x 0.75	2500
ADB-23002	5/8" 11x1	4000
ADB-23007	³ / ₄ " 10 x 1	5000
ADB-23101	7/8" 9 x 1	8000
ADB-23105	1" 8 x 1.25	10000

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6. LIST OF PART REPLACEMENT CYCLE SHEET

The life of the valve can increase if you replace parts according to there replacement cycle. Refer to the part replacement cycle sheet shown below.

	PARTS REPLACEMENT CYCLE SHEET			
Sr. No	ITEM NAME	REPLACEMENT CYCLE		
01	Actuator Diaphragm	5 Year		
02	'O'-Ring	2 Year		
03	Gland Packing	2 Year		
04	Body Joint Gasket	2 Year		
05	Lipseal	2 Year		
06	Soft Seat Ring	2 Year (Above 1.1/4" Trim Size)		

These are recommended cycle period to avoid sudden failure and disturbances to the process. Depending on the actual usage and severity of the process requirement, these items may need replacement earlier than the indicated cycle period.

7. DRY AIR TO USE E/P & SMART POSITIONER

- a. We recommend the use of a good filter (40 micron or less) (filter regulator optional) with all positioner, however the filtering issue becomes more critical when you are dealing with Electropneumatic and Smart positioner. Furthermore, experience has indicated with the use of coalescing filters will improve the effective use and life of the Electropneumatic & Smart positioner.
- b. Good coalescing filters will remove particles, moisture and oil.
- c. Locating an "inline" filter is also acceptable; just try to locate the unit within 2 feet of the valve assembly While a pneumatic positioner can fail due to poor air quality, the failure rate of P to E/D units due to air quality is very heavily weighted toward the Electropneumatic & Smart version.
- d. The ISA spec "strongly discourages" this practice as it relates to instrument air quality. Any combination of particles moisture, oil (or all three), will greatly increase the probability of early positioner problems or failure.
- e. ISA-S7.0.01 is an industry standard that deals specifically with "Quality standard for instrument Air".

SMART POSITIONER

Free of oil, water and dust to DIN/ISO 8573-1. Pollution and oil content according to class 3 (purity: max particle size=5 mg/m3; oil content: max concentration = 1 mg/m3, pressure dew point=10k below operating temperature)

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8. PRE - INSTALLATION

a) The assembly should be inspected on receipt to ensure that it has not been damaged during transit. This inspection should be undertaken in a safe and controlled manner as valve equipment can be heavy and have sharp edges. Any damage found should be immediately reported.

- b) If a valve assembly is required to be stored for a significant period prior to installation it must be stored in a fire resistant, clean, dry and ventilated environment to avoid damage to the valve, actuator or accessories.
- c) The end caps or other protection devices should not be removed from the equipment until the time of installation, in order to help avoid any damage to the flanges and also prevent the ingress of dirt or foreign particles.
- d) The adjacent pipework must be free of dirt, pipe scale, welding slag and all other foreign objects. Safe operation of the valve could be impaired by the ingress of line debris or foreign matter. It may be necessary to remove the valve or internals if the pipework is to be flushed prior to or during the commissioning period.
- e) Sufficient clearance above and around the valve and actuator should be provided for access and maintenance purposes.
- f) An air supply pressure filter / regulator should be fitted upstream of any instruments mounted on the valve to provide a regulated correct quality air supply pressure as detailed on the valve nameplate.

9. INSTALLATION

- a) The valve is supplied with a flow direction arrow either cast on to the body or detailed on the nameplate. It is very important that the valve is installed into the pipework with the correct flow direction.
- b) Install the valve using accepted piping practices and preferably with suitable lengths of straight pipework both upstream and downstream.
- c) The preferred orientation is for the actuator to be vertically upright. If a valve is required to be installed in any other orientation the valve and actuator must be adequately supported.
- d) If a normalising bonnet is provided for a high temperature application and the pipework is thermally lagged the lagging must be terminated at the bonnet to body flange interface.
- e) Prior to installing any valve with butt weld end connections all components containing or manufactured from PTFE should be removed.
- f) Following installation of the valve an input signal should be applied to the valve actuator in order to check and confirm correct calibration of the assembly.
- g) All pneumatic air connections should be checked for leaks. During functional testing of the actuator, the assembly would be subject to a pressure test at 3.4 barg.
- h) The gland nuts are factory adjusted and following commissioning further adjustment could be required to stop any stem leakage. It should be pointed out that excessive tightening of the gland studs could result in packing wear or excessive friction.

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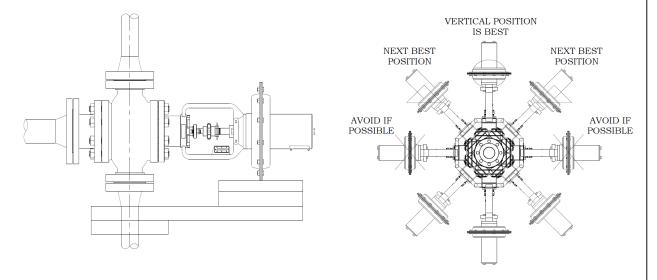
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10. HOW TO FIT THE VALVE ON LINE

Install the valve at right angle to the ground as much as possible. If this is not possible, attach a support to the valve before installing it.



INSTALLING SUPPORT

INSTALLATION LOCATION OF

CAUTIONS

• Avoid horizontal piping if possible because it may adversely affect the function and performance of valves during operation.

The valve trim part (port) may be deflected downward and affect the stability of operation.

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11. FLANGED ENDS

a) Refer (Page No - 10) for applicable standards.

- b) Clean valve flanges and companion flanges and remove protective grease from the valve flanges. Clean the valve interiors adjacent piping priors to mounting of the valve pipe joint.
- c) Align the bolt holes of the valve end flanges and pipe flanges.
- d) Fasteners shall be well lubricated for ease of installation.
- e) Insert the gasket (not supplied with valve) and tighten the fasteners. Flange fasteners shall be tightened evenly, using suitable device in cross rotation to prevent damage to the flange.
- f) For sequence of tightening fasteners, refer (**Page No 10**).

If valve is not cleaned or if cleaning is done after valve installing, cavities may form a natural trap in the piping system. Any impurity not dissolved or washed out by the flushing fluid/line fluid may settle in such cavities and adversely affect valve performace.

12. BUTT-WELDING ENDS

- a) The valves provided with butt-welding ends preparation are as standard ASME B16.25 or as per customer requirements. Please refer to the general assembly drawings for the exact butt-welding ends dimensions.
- b) The welding of valves onto the pipeline shall be performed by qualified welders using qualified procedures.
- c) Valves shall be kept in the closed position during welding.
- d) Care shall be taken to avoid weld spatter from falling onto the seating surfaces to prevent damage and maintain sealing effect between the metallic contacts.
- e) Local post weld heat treatment (PWHT) on the weld and heat affected zone (HAZ) shall be carried out if required by the procedure.
- f) It is recommended that the pipeline be flushed again after welding to avoid damage to wedge/disc and seat. The valve shall be kept fully open during flushing.
- g) After flushing is completed, operate the valve three times and ensure that it is smooth. It is recommended to carry out pressure testing of the weld joints.

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13. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Face to Face Dimensions

ASME B16.10 Face-to-Face and End-to-End Dimension pf valves.

End Connections

ASME B16.5 Pipe Flanges and Flanges Fittings (NPS 1/2 through NPS 24) ASME B16.25 Butt-Welding Ends.

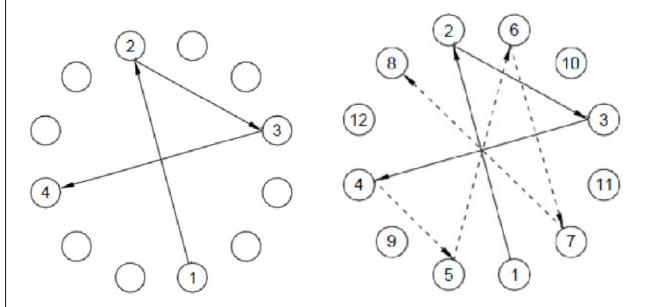
Testing standard

API 598 Valve inspection and testing EN12266 PART-1 Industrial Valves - Testing of valve.

14. TIGHTENING SEQUENCE

The tightening sequence for all possible number of bolting, the star logic to be followed is explained below:

- 1. Tighten the first four nuts in the sequence shown Fig. 01. This helps in correct location of the mating parts.
- 2. Tighten the other bolts in the sequence shown Fig. 02.
- 3. The sequence gors clockwise around the bolt.



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15. Do's and Don'ts

Do's	Don'ts
Before taking valve for erection, make sure that is cleaned properly from inside and outside and there are no foregin particles or metallic chips sticking on to sealing element.	DO NOT lift the valve by the Pneumatic/Motorised/Hydraulic Actuator, hand wheel, gear box or bypass arrangment.
While installing the operator, make sure that the valve is in fully closed position.	DO NOT use the lifting points located on the Actuator / Gear unit, if any, to lift the valve. These lifting points are for the Actuator / Gear unit only.
Make sure to remove the entire rust preventive on the machined surface in the flow area before a valve is put in the pipe line.	DO NOT over-tighten packing gland nuts. Over-tightening will increase the torque required to operate the valve.
Carefully read the identification plate details and install the valve in the right place and for the correct duty conditions for which it is designed and manufactured. Globe valves have preferred sealing direction marked by an arrow on the valve body beneath the identification palte.	DO NOT use impacting device to tighten up the bolting on the body/bonnet. Use suitable mechanical device for tightening.
Make sure to supply rated voltage and frequency to the electrical actuator	DO NOT tighten the body/bonnet nuts when the wedge/disc is in the fully closed position.

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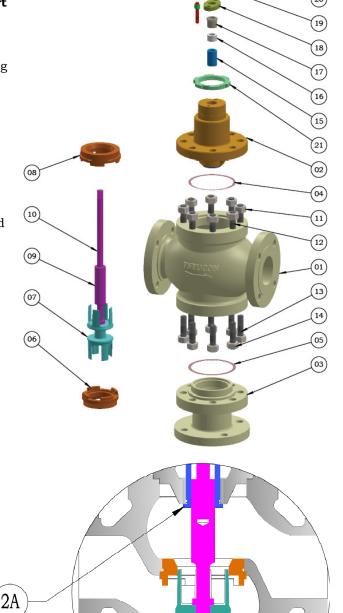
16. MAINTENANCE

Maintenance such as gland packing or trim replacement can be done without removing the valve from the line.

A. Disassembly Of Globe 3 Way Control Valve with Slotted Plug Trim (Metal To Metal)

 Remove the gland Stud Nut (Part No - 20), Gland Pusher (Part No - 18) & Gland (Part No - 17).

- 2. Remove the Body Bonnet Stud Nut (Part No 11) and lift the Bonnet (Part No 2) from the valve body, while holding the plug stem assembly (Part No 7, 8, 9 & 10).
- Remove the seat Housing Stud Nut (Part No 14) and Lift the Seat Housing (Part No 03) from the valve body.
- **4.** Remove the plug stem assembly.
- 5. Remove Gasket from the body to bonnet (Part No 4) and Body to Seat Housing (Part No 5).
- **6.** Remove the packing set (**Part No 16**) and Spacer (**Part No 15**) from the Bonnet.
- 7. Removal of the Seat Ring from Body and Seat Housing (Part No 6 & 8) is only necessary for replacement or machining. Where necessary the seat ring is screwed out of the body and a lathe or boring mill can be used for seat ring that are difficult to remove.
 - For extremely tight seat rings the valve body should be heated to assist removal.
- **8.** For Top Guided Valves, the Plug Guide Bush (**Part No 2A**) is pressed into the bonnet and does not normally require removal. When removal of the guide is essential it should be machined.
- **9.** All the parts should be cleaned and examined for damage.



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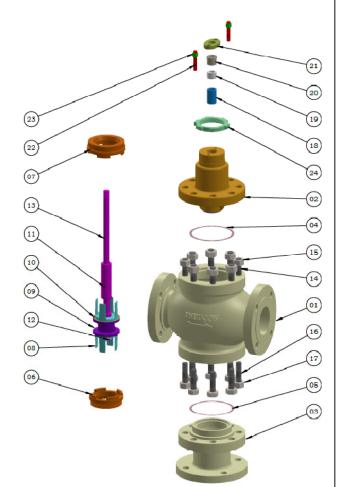
B. Disassembly Of Globe 3 Way Control Valve with Slotted Plug Trim (Soft Seat)

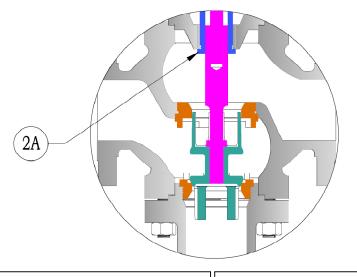
- Remove the gland stud nut (Part No 23), Gland Pusher (Part No - 21) & Gland (Part No - 20).
- Remove the Body Bonnet Stud Nut (Part No 15) and lift the Bonnet (Part No 02) from the valve body, While Holding the plug stem assembly (Part No 08,09,10,11,12 & 13)
- **3.** Remove the plug stem assembly.
- **4.** Remove Gasket from the body to bonnet (**Part No 04**).
- **5.** Remove the packing set (**Part No 19**) and Spacer (**Part No 18**) from Bonnet.
- Removal of the Seat Ring (Part No 06 & 07) is only necessary for replacement or machining.

Where necessary the seat ring is screwed out of the body and a lathe or boring mill can be used for seat ring that are difficult to remove

For extremely tight seat ring the valve body should be heated to assist removal.

- 7. For Top Guided Valves, the Plug Guide Bush (Part No 2A) is pressed into the bonnet and does not normally require removal. When removal of the guide is essential it should be machined.
- **8.** All the parts should be cleaned and examined for damage.





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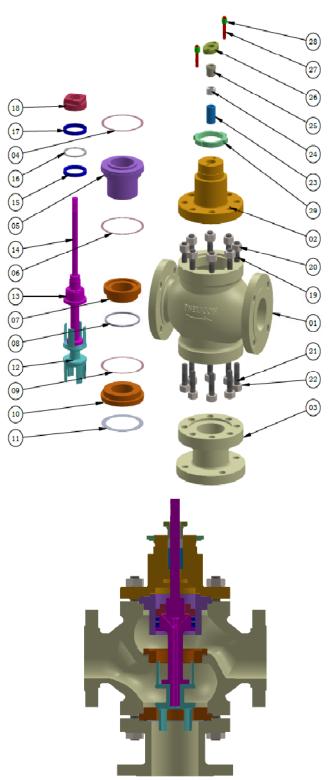
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C. Disassembly Of Globe 3 Way Control Valve with Balanced Trim

- Remove the gland stud nut (Part No 28), Gland Pusher (Part No 26) & Gland (Part No 25).
- Remove the Body Bonnet Stud Nut (Part No 20) and lift the Bonnet (Part No 02) from the valve body, While Holding the plug stem assembly (Part No 12,13,14,15,16,17,&18)
- 3. Remove the packing set (**Part No 24**) and Spacer (**Part No 23**) from Bonnet.
- 4. Remove the plug stem assembly.
- 5. Remove Gasket from the bonnet Joint Gasket (**Part No 04**).
- 6. Remove Inner Cage (Part No -05)
- 7. Remove Gasket from Body Joint Gasket (**Part No 06**).
- 8. Removal of the Seat Ring (**Part No 07**) is only necessary for replacement or machining.
- 9. Remove Gasket from seat Ring Joint (Part No 08)
- 10. Remove the Seat Housing Stud Nut (Part No - 22) and lift the Seat Housing (Part No - 03) from the Valve Body.
- 11. Remove the Seat Ring and Seat Ring Joint Gasket (**Part No 10 & 11**) from Seat Housing.
- 12. Remove the Gasket from Body Joint (Part No 11)
- 13. All the parts should be cleaned and examined for damage



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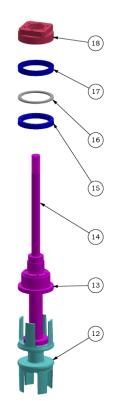
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D. Replacement of Balancing Ring (Lipseal) - Cage Guided Valve.

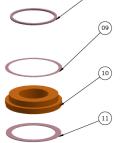
- 1. Remove the Grub Screw for the Retainer nut.
- 2. Remove the Retainer Nut (**Part No 18**) from the Plug Stem Assembly.
- Remove the old Balancing Ring (Part No-16) and Replace the new one Balancing Ring.
- 4. In the Balancing Ring there are Various type of Balancing Ring (**Part No 16**).
 - a) PTFE = -100° C to 180° C.
 - b) GFT = -50° C To 210°C.
 - c) Carbon Filled PTFE = 0°C to 220°C.
 - d) Carbon Ring = 200°C to 550°C for High Temperature.

E. Replacement of Gasket - Cage Guided Valve.

- 1. Remove the Bonnet Guide gasket (**Part No 04**) from the Valve Body.
- 2. Lift the Inner Cage (**Part No 05**) from the Valve Body.
- 3. Remove the Body joint gasket (**Part No 06**) from the Valve Body.
- 4. Lift the seat ring (**Part No 07**) from the Valve Body.
- 5. Remove the Seat Ring joint gasket (**Part No 08**) from the Valve Body.
- 6. Remove the Seat Ring joint gasket (**Part No 09**) from the Seat Housing.
- 7. Lift the seat ring (**Part No 10**) from the Seat Body Housing.
- 8. Remove the Body joint gasket (**Part No 11**) from the Seat Housing.
- 9. Replace the old gasket with the new one.







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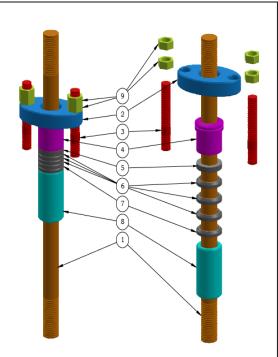
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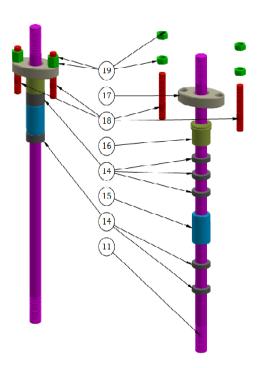
F. GLAND PACKING PTFE PACKING BOX ASSEMBLY

- 1. All the parts should be cleaned and examined for damage before the packing box assembly.
- 2. Insert first Packing Spacer (Part No 08).
- 3. Insert Gland Packing PTFE (**Part No 05,06 & 07**) Total set of ring should be fully installed.
- 4. Insert Gland (Part No 04).
- Insert Gland Pusher (Part No 02) and tight with Gland Stud & Gland Stud Nut (Part No 03 & 09)



G. GLAND PACKING GRAFOIL PACKING BOX ASSEMBLY

- 1. All the parts should be cleaned and examined for damage before the packing box assembly.
- 2. Insert first two Nos of Gland Packing Grafoil one by one and ensure the each ring should be fully installed (**Part No 14**).
- 3. Insert Packing Spacer (Part No 15).
- 4. Insert Gland Packing Grafoil (**Part No 14**) one by one and ensure the each ring should be fully installed.
- 5. Insert Gland (Part No 16).
- Insert Gland Pusher (Part No 17) and tight with Gland Stud & Gland Stud Nut (Part No 18 & 19)



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H. SEAT AND PLUG LAPPING PROCESS.

1. Lapping of the plug to seat (if required) should be carried out with the valve fully assembled and without the actuator being fitted.

- 2. Produce a lapping tool. One option is to weld a nut onto a bar, which matches the stem thread.
- 3. Apply a lapping compound to the seat seating surface only and apply a light oil in the packing box area.
- 4. Lap with short oscillating strokes.
- 5. Raise the plug occasionally, lower it to another position and continue the oscillating strokes to ensure an even lapping over the entire seating surfaces of the plug and seat.



BEFORE LAPPING



AFTER LAPPING

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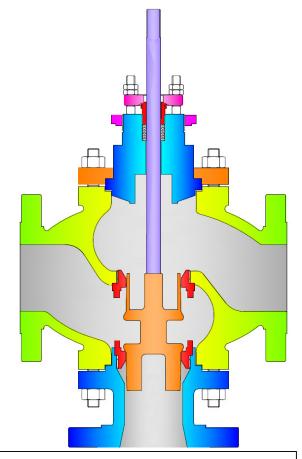
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I. VALVE ASSEMBLY.

1. New plugs are normally supplied complete with stems already fitted. If the replacement parts are separate the stem should be screwed into the plug. Drill the plug and stem, countersink the drilled hole, fit the pin and peen. The pin should then be machined flush to the plug.

- 2. Apply sealing compound to the seat ring and install the seat ring into the body. The seat ring should be tightened.
- 3. Place a new gasket on the body and install the cage for cage guided valves.
- 4. Install the plug and stem assembly.
- 5. For cage guided valves place a new gasket on the cage.
- 6. Lower the bonnet carefully over the plug stem and also over the body studs. The bonnet should be centered to ensure that the plug and stem assembly moves freely.
- 7. Fit the body stud nuts and tighten evenly. The plug and stem assembly should be moved in a linear direction only to ensure that it moves freely.



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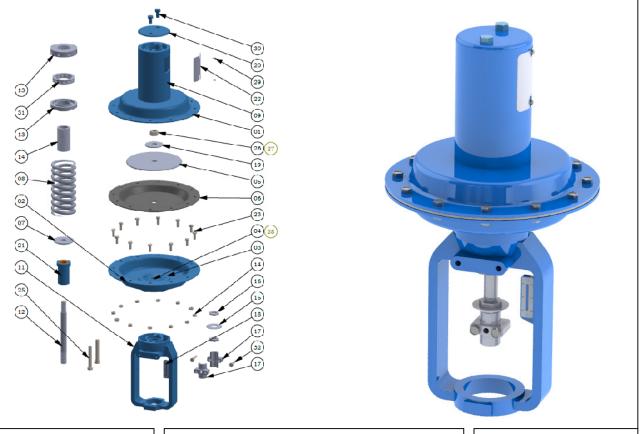
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J. Disassembly of PDC Actuator. (Replacement of Diaphragm)

- 1. Open the Window Cover (Part No 22).
- 2. Using the Spring Adjuster (**Part No 12**) to release the Spring Compression (**Part No 08**).
- 3. Remove the Casing Bolt and Nut (Part No 23 & 14).
- 4. Remove the Top Casing (Part No 01).
- 5. Remove the Hex Bolt from coupling (**Part No 32**) and separate the coupling (**Part No 17**).
- 6. Remove the Indicator lock nut (**Part No 16**) and Travel indicator (**Part No 15**) from stem.
- 7. Unscrew the stem Lock Nut (**Part No 26**) and remove the Spring Washer (**Part No 27**) and remove Spring Guide (**Part No 19**) and remove the Area Plate (**Part No 05**).
- 8. Remove the Diaphragm from the actuator (**Part No 06**).
- 9. Clean all the internal parts and examine for any damage. Any significantly damaged parts should be replaced.
- 10. For PDC actuator the two 'O' Ring (**Part No 28**) in Seal Box (**Part No 04**) should be replaced.
- 11. After replacing the diaphragm Re-assemble the actuator.
- 12. Using the spring adjuster (**Part No 12**) to compress the spring (**Part No 08**) until the actuator start to operate at the bench set figure detailed on the nameplate.



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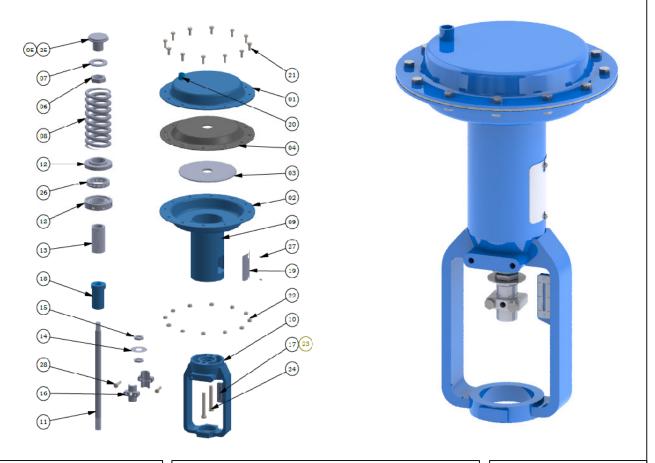
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K. Disassembly of PDO Actuator. (Replacement of Diaphragm)

- 1. Open the Window Cover (**Part No 19**).
- Using the Spring Adjuster (Part No 12) to release the Spring Compression (Part No 08).
- 3. Remove the Casing Bolt and Nut (Part No 21 & 22).
- 4. Remove the Top Casing (Part No 01).
- 5. Remove the Hex Bolt from coupling (**Part No 28**) and separate the coupling (**Part No 16**).
- 6. Remove the Indicator lock nut (**Part No 16**) and Travel indicator (**Part No 14**) from stem.
- 7. Unscrew the Diaphragm Collar Nut (**Part No 06**) and Remove the Spring Guide (**Part No 07**) and Remove the Area Plate (**Part No 03**).
- 8. Remove the Diaphragm from the actuator (**Part No 04**).
- 9. Clean all the internal parts and examine for any damage. Any significantly damaged parts should be replaced.
- 10. After replacing the diaphragm Re-assemble the actuator.
- 11. Using the spring adjuster (**Part No 12**) to compress the spring (**Part No 08**) until the actuator start to operate at the bench set figure detailed on the nameplate.



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L. FITTING ACTUATOR TO VALVE

1. Ensure that the actuator is correctly assembled and calibrated.

- 2. Lower the actuator over the plug stem and gland flange to seat squarely on the valve bonnet.
- 3. Rotate the actuator to the required position, screw the locking ring onto the bonnet and securely tighten.
- 4. To connect the actuator to the valve stem the valve plug must be on its seat and the actuator in the lowest travel position. Apply one half of the stem coupling to both the valve and actuator stem. Apply the second half of the coupling carefully engaging the threads, then insert the coupling cap screws and hand tighten. Move the plug off the seat by changing the air pressure on the diaphragm then unscrew the plug stem an additional turn out of the coupling to ensure positive seating. Securely tighten the coupling cap screws.
- 5. Position the valve in the closed position and adjust the travel indicator plate so that the 'Shut' mark is opposite the travel plate.



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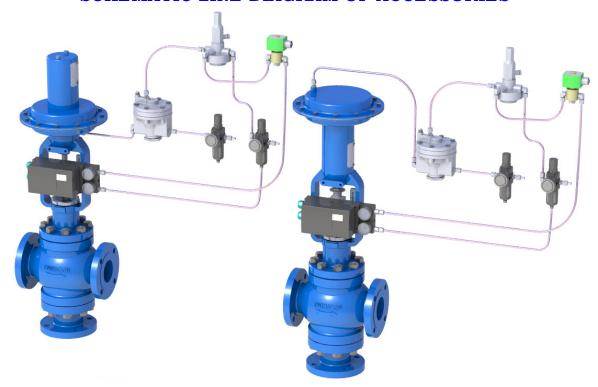
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M. MOUNTING ACCESSORIES

- 1. Control valve assemblies generally comprise of a valve, actuator and instrumentation. The instrumentation normally includes a positioner and airset but can also include other accessories e.g. volume booster, solenoid valve, air lock, quick exhaust valve and limit switches.
- 2. Each instrument fitted would have a separate operating and instruction manual and this would be included in the data book. This would detail any specific requirements for the instrument. For operator safety and reliability the following care should be taken.
- 3. Ensure that a suitable air filter is provided for the equipment in accordance with each instrument.
- 4. The pneumatic supply pressure should not exceed the limits detailed for each of the respective instruments.

SCHEMATIC LINE DIAGRAM OF ACCESSORIES



VP	-	Valve Positioner-Pneumatic E/P & Smart	VB	-	Volume Booster
FPR	-	Filter Pressure Regulator	sv	-	Solenoid Valve
AL	-	Air Lock			

General arrangement of accessories is shown in the schematic diagram. The accessesories Shown in the dottedlined can be bypassed.

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N. TROUBLESHOOTING

Control valve normally require seldom attendance, except for routine check on the control valve response in respect of the input signals received from the controller. The following details some of the problems associated with the control valve operation:

PROBLEMS	REASON	CORRECTIVE ACTION	
	Worn or damaged seat ring or plug	Disassemble and replace damaged part as detailed in maintenance manual	
Excessive leakage	Inadequate actuator thrust	Check actuator spring adjustment and air supply Reconfirm service conditions and contact factory	
when valve closed	Actuator leakage	Check for air leaks with soapy water. Tighten or replace connection / seals.	
	Improper handwheel adjustment (acting as a limitstop)	Check travel against travel plate. Adjust handwheel to neutral position	
Valve	Gland flange over tightened	Loosen gland flange nuts and retighten to finger tight	
operation	Inadequate air supply	Check air supply pressure	
not smooth	Alignment of valve and actuator stem Actuator faulty	Check actuator is square and tight on bonnet mounting Service actuator as detailed in maintenance manual	
	Improper plug adjustment	Refer 'Valve Assembly' section of the manual	
Inadequate flow	Malfunctioning valve positioner	Bypass positioner and check valve operation with direct signal	
110 W	Service conditions exceeds trim design capacity	Reconfirm service conditions and contact factory	
Control	Input signal fluctuations	Provide steady signal through controller	
valve	Backlash error in moving parts	Remove backlash	
hunting	Moisture in air line	Provide dry air supply	
	Improper tuning of controller	Adjust the controller settings	
Excessive	Flashing or cavitations	Check that trim is suitable for the application. Refer to factory	
noise	Loose supports	Tighten the supports sufficiently	
	Damaged trim assembly	Replace the trim parts	
Valve travel	Malfunctioning valve positioner	Bypass positioner and check valve operation with direct signal	
range less than	Leakage through diaphragm chamber	Tighten casing bolts and replace diaphragm if necessary	
correspondi ng input	Excessive tightness of gland packing	Loosen the gland packing slightly	
signal range	Line pressure may have increased	Compression spring should be readjusted	

In order to avoid possible injury to personnel or damage to valve parts< WARNING and CAUTION notes must be strictly adhered to. Modifying this product, substitution non-factory inferior parts, or using maintenance procedure other than outlined could drastically affect performance, void product warranties and be hazardous to personnel and equipment.

While ordering spares, please indicate 'Valve Serial No.'appearing on Name Plate' fixed on the Actuator. The Company's policy is one of Continuous product improvement and the right is reserved to modify the specifications contained here in Without notice



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